IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re design patent application of: Herbert

Serial No. not yet assigned

Filed: January 29, 2001

Title: Method and Apparatus for Printing on

Smartcards and the Like



#2 3)23/01 M.Krelges

PRIORITY DOCUMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

Transmitted herewith is a certified copy of British Application No. 0001978.6, filed 29 January 2000, priority of which is hereby claimed under 35 U.S.C. §119.

Respectfully submitted,

Charles W. Fallow Reg. No. 28,946

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January 29, 2001







The Patent Office Concept House Cardiff Road Newport South Wales NP10 8QQ



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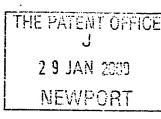
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1. Your reference

13271

31JAM00 E308919-4 000853 201/7700 0.00-0001978.6

2. Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0001978.6

29 JAN 2000

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

NEOPOST LIMITED South Street, Romford, Essex RMI 2AR United Kingdom

Great Britain

4. Title of the invention

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PRINTING ON SMARTCARDS AND THE LIKE

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

HUGHES CLARK & CO 114/118 Southampton Row, London WC1B 5AA

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

877008

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Country

Priority application number (if you know it)

Date of filing
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Number of earlier application

Date of filing
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a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or

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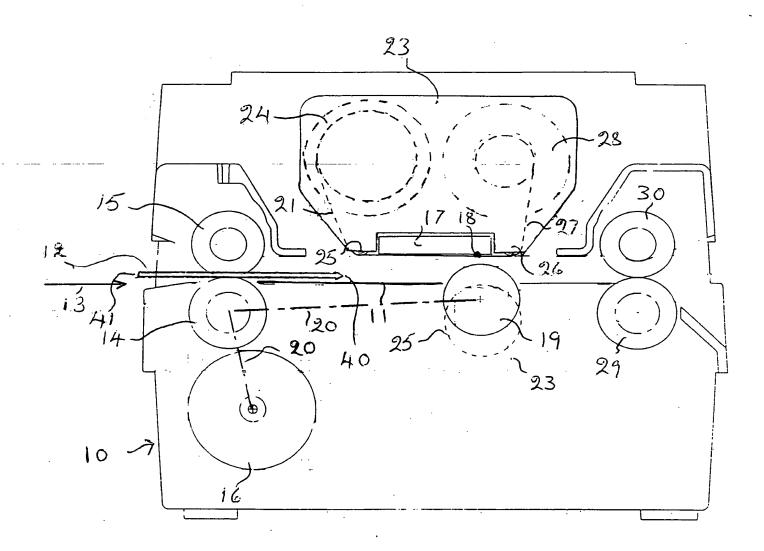
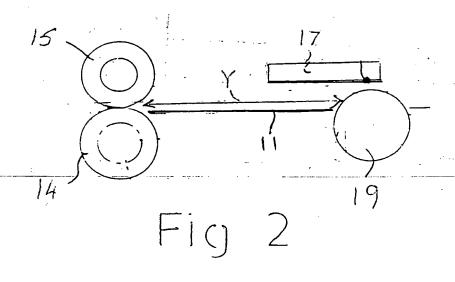
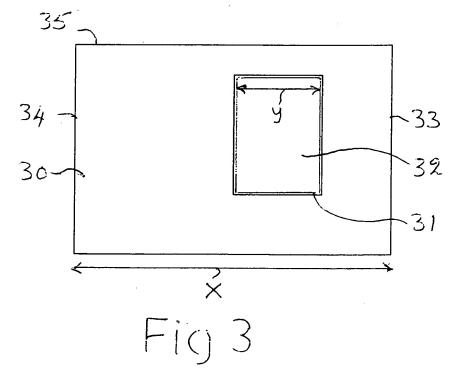


FIG 1





Duplicate

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR PRINTING ON SMARTCARDS AND THE LIKE

This invention relates to printing on so-called smartcards and similarly dimensioned articles and in particular to apparatus enabling a printing device of a postage meter to print an imprint on a smartcard or the like.

include printing means for printing a Potage meters postage indicium on a mail piece. The postage indicium provides evidence that accounting has been effected 10 respect of a postage charge to be applied to the mail The printing means includes feed rollers operative to feed mail pieces along a feed bed to and past head of the printing means. In postage meters in the printing means operates by thermal transfer 15 a pair of input feed rollers feed mail pieces to the print head and a driven impression roller mounted in opposition to the print head presses the mail piece into ink transfer engagement with a thermal transfer ink ribbon and the ink ribbon into heat transfer engagement with a thermal print 20 In order to accommodate a cassette containing thermal transfer ribbon, the input rollers are spaced a significant distance from the impression roller upstream direction. This spacing of the input from the impression roller is acceptable when printing 25 mail pieces which are much longer than this spacing of the rollers because the input rollers are able to feed the mail piece until at least the leading edge of the mail piece has been engaged by the impression roller and 30 further feeding of the mail piece past the print head be effected by the impression roller.

Smartcards may be utilised for input of information and data into postage meters and for example may be used to input data to enable the printing means of the postage meter to print a desired advertising slogon alongside the postal indicium on the mail piece. A desired advertising

slogon may be designed on behalf of a postage meter user and data for controlling the printing means of the postage meter to print the desired slogon is written into an electronic memory of the smartcard and the smartcard is then provided to the user of the postage meter. A user of the postage meter may require a number of different advertising slogons for use at different times and hence it is desirable that the smartcards in which the different slogons are recorded may be easily identifiable. For this reason it is desired to print, onto a surface of the smart card, an imprint of the particular advertising slogon for which data is recorded on the smartcard.

would be convenient to use the printing means postage meter to print the imprint of the advertising 15 slogon on the smartcard. However the dimension card in a direction in which it is desired to feed card to and past the print head is less than the spacing of the input rollers from the impression roller. the card is fed into and by consequence if rollers, the leading edge of the smartcard does not the impression roller before the trailing edge of the card leaves the input rollers. Therefore the card is the input rollers and then lies in the space between the input rollers and the impression rollers and engaged by the rollers and is not fed past the print head. Accordingly it has not been possible to utilise printing means of a postage meter to print on relatively short items such as smartcards.

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According to one aspect of the invention a method of utilising a printer having first and second feeding means for feeding an item to receive an imprint past a print head, said first and second feeding means being operative to engage the item for the feeding thereof at first and second locations; said second location being spaced in a downstream direction from the first location by a distance

of length greater than a dimension of the item in the direction of feeding thereof including the steps of providing a carrier for said item, said carrier being at least as long as said distance whereby the carrier and the item carried thereby are is fed by said second feeding means concurrently with feeding of the item by the first feeding means.

The printer may be a printer of a postage meter and the item may be a smartcard that is to receive an imprint of an advertising slogon defined by data stored in the smartcard.

According to a second aspect of the invention a carrier for an item to be fed by first and second feed means spaced apart in a direction of feed comprises a sheet like member having a recess therein to receive the item such that a surface of the item to receive an imprint is exposed, said carrier having a dimension in a direction of feed of the first and second means greater than the spacing of the first and second feed means.

An embodiment of the invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the drawings in which:-

25 Figure 1 illustrates thermal transfer printing means of a postage meter including means for feeding mail pieces to receive imprints,

Figure 2 is a part of the printing means illustrating means for feeding items to be printed, and

30 Figure 3 illustrates a smartcard in combination with a carrier therefor.

Referring first to Figure 1 of the drawings, a postage meter includes a housing and chassis 10 having a feed bed 35 11 extending horizontally therethrough along which mail pieces 12 required to receive an imprint can be fed, in the direction of arrow 13, to receive the imprint. A pair

of input rollers 14, 15, of which roller 14 is driven by a motor 16 and roller 15 is an idler roller, are located at an upstream end of the feed bed to receive a leading edge of the mail piece 12 and then to feed the mail piece along the feed bed 11 toward a thermal print head 17. roller 14 extends through an aperture in the feed bed such that the peripheral surface of the roller projects slightly above the feed bed so as to engage a mail to be fed. The idler roller 15 is resiliently mounted to toward the driven roller 14 so that, when press piece 12 is entered into a nip between the rollers, mail piece is frictionally engaged by the rollers thereby is fed toward the print head 17. The mail piece continues to be fed by driven roller 14 and idler roller 15 and, in due course, the leading edge of the mail piece enters between an impression roller 19 and the print head.

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The thermal print head is provided with a line of elements (the location of the line printing indicated by reference 18) extending transversely relative to the length of the feed bed 11. An impression roller 19, driven by a motor 16 is located in opposition to the line of thermal printing elements of the thermal print head 17 and projects through an aperture in the feed bed. lines 20 indicate mechanical drive transmissions, example pulleys and belts or trains of gear wheels, whereby drive is transmitted from the drive motor 16 to the input roller 14 and to the impression roller 19. impression roller is resiliently mounted to press the mail 30 piece being fed along the feed bed toward the thermal printing elements so that the mail piece is into ink transfer engagement with an ink layer transfer ink ribbon 21 which passes print head and a rear surface of a substrate of ink urged into heat transfer engagement with 35 ribbon is the printing elements of the print head. thermal The engagement of the ink layer of the ribbon by the

piece and the feeding of the mail piece by the impression roller 19 causes the ribbon to be drawn past the thermal printing elements at the same speed as and in synchronism with the feeding of the mail piece.

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Printing is effected by selective thermal transfer of from the layer of ink of the ink ribbon 21 to the mail 12 that is to receive the imprint as a result selective energisation of the thermal printing elements in 10 a plurality of printing cycles while the mail piece is fed the line of thermal printing elements in engagement with the ink ribbon. After passing the print head, ribbon is peeled from the mail piece leaving areas of the ink layer that have been subjected to heating 15 by energised ones of the printing elements adhered to In due course a trailing edge of piece. piece being fed by the input roller 14, 15 and the impression roller 19 will reach and pass through the nip between the rollers 14, 15 so that the rollers are then no 20 longer effective to continue feeding the mail However the mail piece will continue to be fed by impression roller 19 until printing of the required imprint has been completed. When printing has completed the impression roller is retracted into a 25 position indicated by dotted line 22 and thereby releases the mail piece for ejection from the postage meter.

The thermal transfer ink ribbon is contained replaceable ribbon cassette 23. A supply of unused ink 30 is provided wound on a supply spool 24 guided by a roller guide 25 to pass, out of the cassette, across the print head 17 past the thermal printing elements of the print head and after passing the thermal printing elements of the print head 17, the used ribbon is 35 guided by a further roller guide 26 back into the cassette and the used ribbon 27 is wound onto a take-up spool 28.

A pair of ejection rollers 29, 30 are mounted at a downstream end of the feed bed, the roller 29 being driven by drive means (not shown) and the roller 30 being a resiliently mounted idler roller. In due course the leading edge of the mail piece being fed by the impression roller will be fed into a nip between the ejection rollers and after retraction of the impression roller the ejection rollers are driven at a higher speed to eject the mail piece from the postage meter.

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It will be appreciated that in normal use of the postage meter the mail pieces 12 receive an imprint thereon of postage indicia providing evidence that accounting has been effected in respect of postage charges applied to the mail pieces and, optionally, advertising slogons. The mail pieces comprise envelopes containing inserts or postage labels for adhering to a package or parcel too large to be fed through the postage meter.

It will be appreciated that the mail piece to receive 20 imprint must be fed by the input rollers 14, 15 at until a leading edge 40 of the mail piece has entered between the impression roller and the print head so continued feeding of the mail piece can be effected by the 25 rotation of the impression roller during printing of the Mail pieces generally have a length at least long as the feed bed 11 and hence the leading edge 40 of such mail pieces reaches the impression roller and is fed thereby before a trailing edge 41 of the mail piece has 30 reached and passed out from between the input rollers 14, 15.

The advertising slogon to be printed on mail pieces is defined by data that controls energisation of the printing elements of a digital print head such that in a series of printing cycles the complete advertising slogon is printed

on the mail piece. This data to control operation of printing elements is stored in a memory of the meter. However users of postage meters may desire to different advertising slogons at different times. convenient to design such slogons remote from the postage meter and to be able to load a desired advertising into the memory of the postage meter when desired. remote design and supply, to users of postage meters, slogons will often be carried out by advertising 10 suppliers. A method of loading an meter advertising into a slogon memory of a postage meter slogon library using telephone communication described in our US patent 5,602,977 and pertinent disclosure therefrom is hereby incorporated in the present 15 patent application. Ιt is also desired advertising slogons into portable memory devices, example so-called smartcards, whereby upon receipt of in which data defining a required slogon smartcard stored a user may place the smartcard in communication with the postage meter and download the slogon data 20 the memory of the smartcard into the memory of the postage meter.

Smartcards may be utilised for a number of different purposes and a user of a postage meter may have a 25 smartcards loaded with different advertising slogons which may be used selectively at different times. required that an imprint be applied to the smartcard enable the user to identify the advertising slogon smartcard. 30 the The slogon data defining advertising slogon imprint is formatted for control of the printer of a postage meter and since a postage meter with a printer is readily available to a postage meter supplier who designs and supplies advertising slogons for users, it would be convenient to use the printer of a postage 35 print an imprint on the smartcard of the advertising slogon to enable the user to ascertain the slogon stored in the smartcard.

smartcards have dimensions significantly smaller However than the dimensions of common mail pieces usually through the printer of postage meters. If a relatively item having a length y less than a length Figure 2) between the nips of the input roller 14, 15 the impression roller with the print head is into the nip between the input rollers, the trailing of the item will reach and pass from the nip between input rollers before the leading edge of the has reached and has been drivingly engaged in the nip the impression roller and the print head. As a after being fed by the input rollers, such an item will remain on the feed bed between the input rollers and impression roller and hence will not be fed past the thermal printing elements of the print head and will receive an imprint. Accordingly it has not been possible to utilise the postage meter printer to print on items small as smartcards. 20

As discussed hereinbefore it is desirable to be able to utilise a postage meter with a thermal transfer printer because such apparatus is readily available. Furthermore it will be appreciated that the input rollers must be spaced from the impression roller in order to accommodate not only the print head but also the cassette for the ink ribbon. Accordingly it will be understood that the printer of a postage meter cannot easily be modified to apply imprints on relative short items such as smartcards.

In order to permit use of the postage meter printer to print on a smartcard 32 having a length y, a carrier is provided for the smart card as shown in Figure 3. The carrier comprises a thin sheet 30 having a recess 31 therein. The recess 31 has dimensions to receive the smartcard 32 such that an exposed surface of the smartcard

that is to receive an imprint is approximately level with a surface of the sheet. For purposes of illustration, Figure 3 the smartcard is shown as being smaller than However it will be appreciated that the recess such dimensions that the smartcard is of therein with a snug fit so that the smartcard is so held the recess that the smartcard is not able to move any significant extent relative to the carrier. a dimension L sufficiently large and greater than Y that when the carrier is entered into the nip of the input 10 14, 15 with the edge 33 of the carrier the edge 33 will reach and be engaged by the impression roller for feeding the smartcard, carried by the printing engagement with the ink ribbon 21 past print head 17 before a trailing edge 34 of the 15 leaves the nip between the input rollers. Accordingly the carrier continues to be fed by the input rollers until after the carrier is engaged by the impression roller hence after being entered into the nip between the smartcard carried in the carrier is the 20 positively driven by the pair of input rollers 15, the pair of input rollers and the impression roller 19 or the impression roller until printing of the imprint of the slogon is completed.

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The recess 31 is located a predetermined distance from the leading edge 33 so that after sensing of the leading edge 33 of the carrier by sensing means (not shown) of the postage meter, commencement of printing is timed such that the slogon is printed across the exposed surface of the smartcard. Postage meters are controlled so as to print a postage indicium at a predetermined location relative to a right edge and an upper edge of a mail piece and to print an advertising slogon at the left hand side of and adjacent to the postage indicium. Accordingly if desired the carrier may be constructed to locate the smartcard relative to the right hand edge 33 and an upper edge 35 of

the carrier in a location corresponding to the location in which an advertising slogon would be printed on a mail piece.

5 While the carrier is described hereinbefore as being a sheet having recess therein, it may be formed as a two layer structure, a first layer being continuous and the second having an aperture of size corresponding to the required recess and the second layer overlying and being 0 bonded to the first layer. It will be understood that the carrier has a thickness similar to mail pieces so that it may be fed between the input rollers 14, 15, between the impression roller 91 and the print head 17 and between the ejection rollers 29, 30.

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Hereinbefore, the item to which the imprint is be applied has been described as a smartcard. It is to be understood that other items, for example memory cards similar dimensions to smartcards and items which do not 20 include electronic circuits may also be printed on in same manner using a carrier therefor. Items relatively small dimensions are difficult to handle and to maintain in alignment in a printer and the provision of carrier of larger dimensions facilitates handling of the item and printing thereon. 25

It will be appreciated that the surface of the smartcard or memory card on which the imprint is to be applied is a surface of a synthetic plastics substance instead of paper 30 forming mail piece. Consequently the for producing a required quality of imprint be different from those required for producing an on mail pieces. Therefore it may be necessary to thermal transfer ink ribbon having a characteristic different from ribbons used for printing on mail 35 and it may be necessary to increase the power applied the thermal printing elements of the print head

compared with the power required to print on mail pieces. It has been found that utilising a thermal transfer printing process, a strong bond is obtained between the ink and the surface of the smartcard and hence the imprint on the smartcard is not easily damaged or worn away. However if desired other forms of printing, for example inkjet, may be used.

described hereinbefore, it is desired to make use 10 the printing means in commercially available postage meters to print on the items such as smartcards. Recently developed postage meters use ink jet print heads and some of these postage meters the mail pieces are located manually and are not fed through the postage meter. 15 mail piece is located in a required position in engagement with guides and the print head is traversed across If desired postage meters constructed to piece. operate and be used in this manner may be used to print relatively small items such as smartcards by utilising a 20 carrier to locate the item in a required location relative to the guides to ensure printing of the advertising slogon the required position. In addition to advertising smartcards or memory cards may be used to slogons, the input other data into postage meters and the printing 25 means may be utilised to print information indicating the data stored in the card.

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